

TITLE

**PRIVATE WIRELESS HIGH-SPEED DATA SYSTEM AND DATA
SERVICE METHOD**

CLAIM OF PRIORITY AND CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

[0001] This application makes reference to, incorporates the same herein, and claims all benefits accruing under 35 U.S.C. §119 from an application for *PRIVATE WIRELESS HIGH-SPEED DATA SYSTEM AND DATA SERVICE METHOD USING THE SAME* earlier filed in the Korean Intellectual Property Office on 29 April 2003 and there duly assigned Serial No. 2003-27335.

[0002] Furthermore, the present application is related to two co-pending U.S. applications, Serial No. (to be determined), entitled *PERFORMING TERMINAL AUTHENTICATION AND CALL PROCESSING IN PRIVATE WIRELESS HIGH-SPEED DATA SYSTEM*, based upon Korean Patent Application Serial No. 2003-27343 filed in the Korean Intellectual Property Office on 29 April 2003, and filed in the U.S. Patent & Trademark Office concurrently with the present application, and Serial No. (To be determined), entitled *PRIVATE EV-DO SYSTEM SHARING PUBLIC NETWORK DATA LOCATION REGISTER AND DATA SERVICE METHOD*, based upon Korean Patent Application Serial No. 2003-27342 filed in the Korean Intellectual Property Office on 29 April 2003, and filed in the U.S. Patent & Trademark Office concurrently with the present application.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Field of the Invention

[0003] The present invention is related to a private wireless high-speed data system and a data service method and, more specifically, to a private wireless high-speed data system and a data service method, wherein a public EV-DO wireless network and a private (premises) EV-DO wireless network are simultaneously serviced using a wireless terminal of a wireless high-speed data system (CDMA 1x EV-DO).

Description of the Related Art

[0004] Generally, a CDMA 1x EV-DO (hereinafter, referred to as EV-DO) wireless network uses a new packet wireless data transmission technology developed using CDMA technology by Qualcomm, which allows mega class high-speed data transmission. The EV-DO wireless network has a maximum transmission speed of 2.4Mbps in a forward direction and 307.2Kbps in a backward direction, which is the same transmission speed as that of an asymmetric digital subscriber line (ADSL) scheme used in a wired network.

[0005] EV-DO is being developed because the 1x RTT system of an IMT-2000 MC (Multi-Carrier; synchronous) system, which support both voice and data and has been tested for commercial use, has a high-speed data transmission bandwidth limit of 1.25MHz and does not support a data transmission speed of 144 Kbps or more in an IS-95 scheme. That is, EV-DO is a supplementary solution for high-speed data transmission.

[0006] EV-DO provides a connection to the data dedicated Internet over a data core network

(DCN) in an existing IS-95 network. It can support the same data transmission speed as an existing network, even a third generation (3G) network.

[0007] EV-DO has an average forward transmission speed allowing a high-speed data communication of several hundred kbps. The radio frequency bandwidth is 1.25MHz, which is the same as a mobile phone used in a current CDMA One.

[0008] Considering that a bandwidth of 5 MHz is required to provide 384bps service in IMT-2000, EV-DO has an improved high frequency usage efficiency.

[0009] That is, EV-DO has been designed in a manner suitable for data communication that is not affected by delay when transfer data is burst data as in the Internet, realizing a high-speed transmission with a frequency bandwidth narrower than that of the IMT-2000.

[0010] Further, EV-DO performs a function of automatically adjusting the backward transmission speed at a base station side according to the communication quality between a terminal and a base station. This function is realized by monitoring a signal from the terminal received at the base station every 1.67milliseconds to determine the communication quality and by adjusting data transmission priority and speed with the terminal.

[0011] EV-DO improves data communication quality by preferentially increasing transmission speed for a terminal in the vicinity of the base station where electrical interference is less while by reducing communication speed for a terminal located far from the base station.

[0012] A typical wireless network is classified into a wireless public network and a wireless private network, which is used at groups, companies, or the like having a particular purpose. The wireless private network is configured to interface with a particular wireless public network. On

1 the other hand, in the above-described EV-DO wireless network, only a public EV-DO wireless
2 network service provided by a mobile communication service provider exists while there is no
3 private EV-DO wireless network service, unlike the typical wireless network.

4 **[0013]** Thus, methods are being developed which use a part of a public EV-DO wireless network
5 as a private EV-DO wireless network. These methods allow one mobile terminal to be served by
6 the private EV-DO wireless network in a particular region (private region) while being served by
7 the public EV-DO wireless network in other regions.

8 **[0014]** One of these methods was proposed in Korean Patent Application No. 10-2002-0054625
9 filed on September 10, 2002 by the present Applicant and entitled "Method and System for Using
10 in Common a Public Network and a Private Network in a Wireless High-speed Data System".

11 **[0015]** The proposed "Method and System for Using in Common a Public Network and a
12 Private Network in a Wireless High-speed Data System" will be simply discussed. Among
13 methods for implementing a private EV-DO wireless network (private network) in an EV-DO
14 network, the following methods have been suggested therein in configuring a data location register
15 (DLR) and AN_AAA essential to the EV-DO configuration.

16 **[0016]** First, there is a scheme of handling a private network connection by allowing a direct
17 connection to a public network DLR in order to configure the private network or by disposing a
18 private dedicated DLR in the private network. Further, private authentication is handled by
19 allowing a direct connection to a public network AN_AAA in order to handle private network
20 connection authentication or by disposing a private dedicated AN_AAA in a private network, as
21 in the DLR.

1 **[0017]** However, although such methods have their own merits, they have the following
2 problems.

3 **[0018]** First, the method where a public network is shared without a separate private network
4 DLR results in increasing the load on the public network DLR since the mobile communication
5 service provider has to provide private network service. That is, since the terminal used in the
6 private network uses the public network DLR in a private network connection and other steps
7 using the private EV-DO wireless network even though it is registered in the public network, there
8 is a problem in that a public network DLR usage time is increased because of the new service
9 provision.

10 **[0019]** Since the public network DLR was designed without consideration of the private network
11 service, a problem occurs in that the operation of the public network DLR is greatly affected when
12 the number of private EV-DO wireless networks is significantly increased.

13 **[0020]** In the second method of installing the private dedicated DLR which has the same
14 function as the public network DLR in the private network, problems occur in that the private
15 terminal cannot respond to a paging request of the public network, the private EV-DO wireless
16 network cannot be connected to the public network, and loads of the public network and the
17 private network DLR are increased due to frequent subnet changes.

18 **[0021]** Also, in the third method of sharing the public network AN_AAA by arranging the
19 AN_AAA in the private network for the private network authentication and connecting to the
20 public network AN_AAA through the private network AN_AAA, there is a problem in that a
21 dedicated line is needed for connecting the public network AN_AAA to the private network

1 AN_AAA and it is not easy to permit a selective private network connection.

2 [0022] Also, there is a method for managing a private network dedicated AN_AAA to effect
3 private network authentication. However, a problem occurs in that the server installation costs
4 increase since a high performance dedicated AN_AAA server is needed, and the operating cost for
5 managing the server increases.

6 [0023] The following patents each discloses features in common with the present invention but
7 do not teach or suggest the inventive features specifically recited in the present application: U.S.
8 Patent Application No. 2004/0048601 to Lee, entitled *METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR USING*
9 *EITHER PUBLIC OR PRIVATE NETWORKS IN Ixev-DO SYSTEM*, published on March 11, 2004;
10 U.S. Patent Application No. 2003/0078047 to Lee *et al.*, entitled *APPARATUS, METHOD AND*
11 *SYSTEM FOR MATCHING SUBSCRIBER STATES IN NETWORK IN WHICH PUBLIC LAND*
12 *MOBILE NETWORK AND WIRED/WIRELESS PRIVATE NETWORK ARE INTERWORKED*,
13 published on April 24, 2003; U.S. Patent Application No. 2003/0069013 to Lee *et al.*, entitled
14 *APAPPARATUS, METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR MATCHING SUBSCRIBER STATES IN*
15 *NETWORK IN WHICH PUBLIC LAND MOBILE NETWORK AND WIRED/WIRELESS PRIVATE*
16 *NETWORK ARE INTERWORKED*, published on April 10, 2003; U.S. Patent No. 6,704,569 to
17 Larson, entitled *CENTRALIZED USER DATABASE AND ADMINISTRATIVE NODE*
18 *CONNECTING PRIVATE AND PUBLIC WIRELESS COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS*, issued on
19 March 9, 2004; U.S. Patent No. 6,697,621 to Taha *et al.*, entitled *METHOD AND APPARATUS*
20 *FOR PROVIDING SERVICES IN A PRIVATE WIRELESS NETWORK*, issued on February 24,
21 2004; and U.S. Patent No. 6,687,213 to Sayers *et al.*, entitled *METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR*

1 *INTEGRATED WIRELESS COMMUNICATIONS IN PRIVATE AND PUBLIC NETWORK*
2 *ENVIRONMENTS*, issued on February 3, 2004.

3 **SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION**

4 **[0024]** It is, therefore, an object of the present invention to provide a private wireless high-speed
5 data system and a data service method, wherein when there is a first call connection from a DLR
6 arranged in a private network and the private network DLR is coupled to a public network DLR
7 with a dedicated line, session information for processing a call is secured from the public network
8 DLR, the secured session information is stored in the private network DLR, and then the call is
9 processed, and when there is a further call connection from the private network, the private
10 network performs the call processing according to the session information stored in the private
11 network DLR, so that unnecessary loading of the public network DLR can be eliminated.

12 **[0025]** Also, it is another object of the present invention to provide a private wireless high-speed
13 data system and a data service method, wherein private registration terminal authentication is
14 performed in a private network DLR according to information on a terminal and user's
15 authentication included in session information secured from the public network DLR, without
16 needing a separate AN_AAA for terminal authentication in the private network.

17 **[0026]** According to an aspect of the present invention, there is provided a private EV-DO
18 wireless network coupled to a public EV-DO wireless network including a data location register
19 adapted to provide private EV-DO wireless data service, a relay unit adapted to relay a
20 corresponding call connection request signal upon the call connection request signal being

1 received from a terminal entering the private EV-DO wireless network; a call processor adapted
2 to generate a session information request signal with respect to the corresponding terminal upon
3 the call connection request signal relayed from the relay unit being a first call connection request
4 signal, and to process a call by assigning a traffic channel to the connection terminal according to
5 the received session information upon the session information corresponding to the requested
6 session information request signal being received; and a session information processor adapted to
7 request a session information request signal of the corresponding terminal generated by the call
8 processor to a public network data location register in the public EV-DO wireless network, to store
9 session information of the corresponding terminal received from the public network data location
10 register, and to provide the call processor with the session information of the corresponding
11 terminal.

12 **[0027]** Preferably, the session information processor comprises a database adapted to store the
13 session information of the corresponding terminal received from the public network data location
14 register and the session information of the corresponding terminal received from the public
15 network data location comprises authentication information for authenticating the private EV-DO
16 wireless network of the terminal.

17 **[0028]** Preferably, the session information processor comprises an authentication unit adapted
18 to determine whether the corresponding terminal is a terminal registered in the private EV-DO
19 wireless network using the private EV-DO wireless network authentication information of the
20 terminal included in the session information of the corresponding terminal received from the
21 public network data location register and the session information processor is coupled to a data

1 location register of the public EV-DO wireless network with a dedicated line.

2 **[0029]** Preferably, the session information processor provides the call processor with the
3 session information of the corresponding terminal stored in the database upon the first call being
4 connected to the database in the session information processor without requesting the session
5 information of the corresponding terminal from the public data location register of the public
6 EV-DO wireless network upon the connected call of the terminal received through the relay unit
7 being a second or further connection call.

8 **[0030]** Preferably, the relay unit comprises a temporary identifier information generator adapted
9 to add temporary identifier information to a call connection request signal transmitted to the call
10 processor upon a call of the terminal entering the private EV-DO wireless network being
11 connected, the temporary identifier information being used to determine whether a corresponding
12 call is a connection call to be connected to the public EV-DO wireless network, or a connection
13 call to be connected to the private EV-DO wireless network.

14 **[0031]** Preferably, the call processor comprises a routing module adapted to determine whether
15 the corresponding terminal connection call is a private EV-DO wireless network connection call
16 or a public EV-DO wireless network connection call, according to the temporary identifier
17 information included in the call connection request signal transmitted from the relay unit, and to
18 route the corresponding connection call to the private EV-DO wireless network or the public
19 EV-DO wireless network in accordance with a result of the determination.

20 **[0032]** Preferably, the system further comprises a data packet service node adapted to provide
21 a corresponding terminal with data through an Intranet in the private EV-DO wireless network

1 through the call processor upon a traffic channel to the corresponding terminal being assigned from
2 the call processor and the call being processed.

3 **[0033]** According to another aspect of the present invention, there is provided a method
4 comprising arranging a private EV-DO wireless network including a private base station, a private
5 control station, and a private data location register, the private EV-DO wireless network being
6 coupled to a public EV-DO wireless network including a public data location register;
7 transmitting a call connection request signal of the corresponding terminal to the private control
8 station by the private base station upon a call connection request being received in the private base
9 station from a terminal entering the private EV-DO wireless network; requesting session
10 information of the terminal for processing a call of the corresponding terminal to the private data
11 location register by the private control station according to a call connection request signal
12 transmitted from the private base station; determining in the private data location register whether
13 the session information requested from the private control station is registered in a database and
14 determining that the session information of the corresponding terminal is the first private EV-DO
15 wireless network connection call and requesting the session information of the corresponding
16 terminal to a public data location register of the public EV-DO wireless network upon the session
17 information of the corresponding terminal not being registered and receiving the session
18 information of the corresponding terminal from the public data location register; performing
19 private authentication of the corresponding terminal in the private data location register using the
20 session information of the received corresponding terminal and transmitting the session
21 information of the corresponding terminal to the private control station and storing the

1 corresponding session information in the database; and assigning a traffic channel of the
2 corresponding terminal according to the session information of the terminal transmitted from the
3 private data location register and performing data service through the assigned channel with the
4 private control station.

5 **[0034]** Preferably, in transmitting the call connection request signal to the private control
6 station, upon the private base station transmitting a call connection request signal to the control
7 station, the private base station transmits the call connection request signal and additionally
8 transmits temporary identifier information used to determine whether the corresponding call is a
9 public EV-DO wireless network connection call or a private EV-DO wireless network connection
10 call.

11 **[0035]** Preferably, requesting the session information of the terminal to the private data location
12 register includes analyzing temporary identifier information included in the call connection request
13 signal transmitted from the private base station in the private control station, and selectively
14 routing a corresponding call connection request signal to the private data location register of the
15 public EV-DO wireless network or the private EV-DO wireless network in accordance with a
16 result of the analysis.

17 **[0036]** Preferably, in receiving the session information of the corresponding terminal from the
18 public data location register, upon the session information requested from the private control
19 station being registered in the database, the private data location register determines that the call
20 connection of the corresponding terminal is not the first call connection but a second or further
21 connection call and provides the control station with the session information of the terminal stored

1 in the database.

2 [0037] According to another aspect of the present invention, there is provided a method
3 comprising providing a private EV-DO wireless network system coupled to a public EV-DO
4 wireless network system including a public data location register; determining whether a call
5 connection of a corresponding terminal is a private EV-DO wireless network connection call or
6 a public EV-DO wireless network connection call upon a call connection being requested from a
7 terminal entering the private EV-DO wireless network; determining whether session information
8 for the corresponding terminal exists in a database upon a determination that the corresponding
9 call is a private EV-DO wireless network connection call; requesting the session information of
10 the terminal for processing a call of the corresponding terminal to a public data location register
11 located in the public EV-DO wireless network upon a determination that the session information
12 of the corresponding terminal does not exist in the database; performing private authentication of
13 the corresponding terminal using authentication information included in the session information
14 of the received corresponding terminal upon the session information of the corresponding terminal
15 being received from the public data location register; and assigning a traffic channel of the
16 corresponding terminal using session information of the corresponding terminal and performing
17 data service to the terminal through the assigned channel upon the authentication of the terminal
18 being completed after storing the session information of the corresponding terminal in the
19 database.

20 [0038] Preferably, in determining whether the call connection of the corresponding terminal is
21 the private EV-DO wireless network connection call or the public EV-DO wireless network

1 connection call, a temporary identifier for determining whether the corresponding connection call
2 is the private EV-DO wireless network connection call or the public EV-DO wireless network
3 connection call is assigned to the corresponding call connection request signal, and a determination
4 is made as to whether the corresponding connection call is the public EV-DO wireless network
5 connection call or the private EV-DO wireless network connection call according to the assigned
6 temporary identifier upon the call connection being requested from the terminal.

7 **[0039]** Preferably, a connection request signal for the corresponding call is routed to the control
8 station of the public EV-DO wireless network, upon the connection call of the terminal being the
9 public EV-DO wireless network connection call.

10 **[0040]** Preferably, determining whether the session information for the corresponding terminal
11 exists in the database includes determining that the connection call of the corresponding terminal
12 is a second or further connection call and assigning the traffic channel of the corresponding
13 terminal using the session information of the corresponding terminal stored in the database and
14 performing data service to the terminal through the assigned channel upon the session information
15 for the corresponding terminal existing in the database.

16 **BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS**

17 **[0041]** A more complete appreciation of the invention, and many of the attendant advantages
18 thereof, will be readily apparent as the same becomes better understood by reference to the
19 following detailed description when considered in conjunction with the accompanying drawings,
20 in which like reference symbols indicate the same or similar components, wherein:

1 **[0042]** FIG. 1 is a view showing a network connection construction for a private wireless
2 high-speed data system in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention;

3 **[0043]** FIG. 2 is a view showing processing a call between a private network and a public
4 network when a call is connected in the private network for the first time, in a data service method
5 of a private wireless high-speed data system in accordance with an embodiment of the present
6 invention;

7 **[0044]** FIG. 3 is a view showing processing a call when a call is re-connected in a private
8 network after the call processing of FIG. 2 (that is, after the first call connection in the private
9 network);

10 **[0045]** FIG. 4 is a view comparing functions of a public network DLR and a private network
11 DLR; and

12 **[0046]** FIG. 5 is a view showing an operational flowchart of a data service method using a
13 private wireless high-speed data system in accordance with an embodiment of the present
14 invention.

15 **DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION**

16 **[0047]** Hereinafter, an embodiment of a private wireless high-speed data system in accordance
17 with the present invention and a data service method will be described in detail with reference to
18 the accompanying drawings.

19 **[0048]** FIG. 1 is a view showing a network connection construction for a private wireless
20 high-speed data system in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention. A public

EV-DO wireless network 100 and a private EV-DO wireless network 200 will be separately described in order to explain the construction and operation of the present invention.

[0049] First, as shown in FIG. 1, a terminal (AT : Access Terminal, 110) of the public EV-DO wireless network 100 is a terminal which is commonly used in the public EV-DO wireless network 100 and the private EV-DO wireless network 200, and a terminal 210 of the private EV-DO wireless network 200 is commonly used in the private EV-DO wireless network 200 which is also registered in the public EV-DO wireless network 100.

[0050] Further, each of ANTSSs (Access Network Transceiver System: 120, 120a, 120b: public network base station) in the public EV-DO wireless network 100 has desired public wireless areas, establishes a session when a terminal enters the areas, and performs a necessary operation when a necessary identifier (UATI : Unicast Access Terminal Identifier) is assigned to a corresponding AT 110. Also, the ANTSSs 120, 120a, 120b enable a call to be received in the AT 110, or relay a call connection request signal to ANCs (Access Network Control: 130, 130a, 130b) when there is a call connection request from the AT 110.

[0051] Each of the ANCs 130 and 130a is connected to a GAN (Global Area Network, hub) 140, and the GAN is connected to AN_AAA (Access Network Authentication Accounting Authorization) 170 which handles a public network authentication, a public network terminal authentication and so on, a PDSN (Packet Data Serving Node) 180 which provides the terminal with an Internet service, a DLR (Data Location Register) 160 which stores terminal information, terminal location information and so on, and a BSM (Base System Manager) 150 which handles loading, failure, diagnosis, statistics and so on and performs a data relay between each of the

1 nodes. Also, although the ANTSSs 120, 120a, 120b of the public EV-DO wireless network 100 can
2 be connected to the GAN 140, it is not shown in FIG. 1.

3 **[0052]** The PDSN 180 can be connected to other packet service nodes or to a p PDSN 260 of
4 the private EV-DO wireless network 200 through an Internet.

5 **[0053]** The DLR 160 stores information on terminals 110 and 210 registered in the public
6 EV-DO wireless network 100 and location information, and provides information on the terminals
7 110 and 210 when a session of the corresponding terminal is updated. Also, the DLR 160 stores
8 information on a terminal included in a general wireless public network. The terminal information
9 of the general wireless public network can include at least one of terminal information, user
10 information and service grade information.

11 **[0054]** On the other hand, the ANTSS 220 in the private EV-DO wireless network 200 provides
12 the AT 210 entering the private area with an incoming call, or relays a call connection signal to
13 pANC (Private Access Network Control) 230 when a call connection is carried out from the
14 terminal 210.

15 **[0055]** The pANC 230 can include a router module (hub) which determines whether an outgoing
16 data call is an originated call to be connected to the public network or an outgoing call to be
17 connected to the private network using an identifier included in a data call originated by the AT
18 210, routes it to the ANC 130 of the public EV-DO wireless network 100 when the data call is a
19 public network connection outgoing call, and routes the outgoing call in order to process a call in
20 the private network EV-DO wireless network 200 when the outgoing call is a private network
21 connection outgoing call.

1 **[0056]** The router module has a specific server address which has been already determined.
2 Such server address is compared with information of a temporary identifier. And, when a call is
3 requested to a temporary identifier terminal in which a temporary identifier address having a
4 specific server is already determined, the call is detected as a call in the private EV-DO wireless
5 network 200 and the corresponding call is routed to the pANC 230.

6 **[0057]** For example, a temporary identifier of the private EV-DO wireless network 200
7 subscriber is assigned so as to have an address of a server which has been already determined. If
8 the determined server address is a “samsung.co.kr” or a “Samsung.com” DML server, for example,
9 then the terminal 210 in the private EV-DO wireless network 200 can have an address of
10 “111@samsung.co.kr”.

11 **[0058]** As described above, if it is requested that the AT 210 in the private EV-OD wireless
12 network 200 is to be connected to one of server addresses which have been determined already or
13 a call is to be connected to a terminal having the server described above, for example, a terminal
14 of “aaa@samsung.co.kr”, then the call is determined to be a call in the private EV-DO wireless
15 network 200.

16 **[0059]** When any server included in the temporary identifier of the AT 210 requires a call, a
17 server which is required to receive a call, and a temporary identifier server of a terminal which is
18 required to receive a call is not an address that has already been determined, then the
19 corresponding call is determined to be a connection call of a public EV-DO wireless network 100
20 and is routed to the ANC 130 and 130a of the public EV-DO wireless network 100.

21 **[0060]** The pANC 230 including such router module stores information on a location of a

1 private EV-DO terminal AT 210 and other authentication and provides necessary information for
2 processing the call when a call is connected from the private EV-DO terminal AT 210, and is
3 connected to a pDLR 240 which performs an authentication of the private EV-DO terminal AT 210
4 using the stored terminal authentication information IMSI.

5 **[0061]** Further, the pANC 230 is connected to a pPDSN 260 in which the private EV-DO
6 terminal AT 210 is provided with Internet service through an Intranet, and to a WSM 250 which
7 takes charge of loading, failure, diagnosis and statistics of the private EV-DO wireless network
8 200. Network components of the private EV-DO wireless network 200 as described above are
9 similar with those of the public EV-DO wireless network 100 in their properties and functions.

10 **[0062]** However, the pDLR 240 of the private EV-DO wireless network 200 performs a few
11 different functions from the public network DLR 160 in order to support a private network and,
12 especially, the pDLR 240, being the private DLR, also performs the private terminal authentication
13 function so that separate AN_AAA equipment is not used.

14 **[0063]** An operation of the private EV-DO wireless network system interfaced to the public
15 EV-DO network system in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention constructed
16 as noted above is described below in detail.

17 **[0064]** First, the private EV-DO wireless network 100 is constructed by adding the pANC 230
18 between the public network ANTS 120 and the public network ANC 130 and network elements
19 necessary for the EV-DO service as shown in FIG. 1.

20 **[0065]** One important function of the pANC 230 is to discriminate and transmit all kinds of
21 messages coming from the private ANTS 220 to the public EV-DO wireless network 100 and the

1 private EV-DO wireless network 200. The router module in the pANC 230 handles this function
2 as described above.

3 **[0066]** For example, when the EV-DO wireless terminal AT 210 located in the private EV-DO
4 wireless network 200 tries to have an access to the public EV-DO wireless network 100, the pANC
5 230 recognizes an identifier (discriminator) included in a message transmitted by the private
6 ANTS 220, transmits the message to the public network ANC 130, and makes it possible to
7 connect to the public EV-DO wireless network.

8 **[0067]** When the terminal AT 210 tries to connect to the private EV-DO wireless network 200,
9 as in the public network, the pANC 230 confirms a discriminator included in a message
10 transmitted from the private ANTS 220 and enables the pANC 230 to support the private EV-DO
11 wireless network 200 service using a network element arranged in the premises. For reference,
12 a discriminator to discriminate between the private EV-DO wireless network 200 and the public
13 EV-DO wireless network 100 is provided from the EV-DO wireless terminal AT 210.

14 **[0068]** The EV-DO wireless network 200 provides the private EV-DO wireless network 200
15 service while maintaining a session established in the public EV-DO wireless network 100 in the
16 private EV-DO wireless network 200, which has the following advantages.

17 **[0069]** First, the terminal AT 210 in the private EV-DO wireless network 200 can respond to
18 a public network paging and a load increase of the public network DLR can be prevented since
19 processing due to a subnet change does not occur.

20 **[0070]** Also, since all of tasks related with an initial session establishment are performed outside
21 the private EV-DO wireless network 200, it is possible to embody a function of the pDLR 240

1 being a private DLR with ease compared with the public network DLR 160.

2 **[0071]** On constructing the pDLR 240 in the private EV-DO wireless network 200, it is possible
3 to embody the pDLR 240 being the private DLR using a less expensive server than that of the
4 public network DLR 160, and it is possible to use the authentication result embodied in the public
5 network instead of a separate private AN_AAA when authenticating the private terminal AT 210.

6 **[0072]** As a result, tasks related with the session establishment and cancellation which occur in
7 the public EV-DO wireless network 100 are not generated in the private EV-DO wireless network
8 200, wherein information related to the session to process a call is needed in the pDLR 240, being
9 the private DLR, and the private pDLR 240 having a function different from that of the public
10 network DLR 160 is applied in order to solve the call processing.

11 **[0073]** Since the private pDLR 240 does not have necessary data in its initial operation, the data
12 may be arbitrarily inputted by a private EV-DO wireless network 100 manager. However,
13 information in the public network DLR 160 should be used in the case of specific data. Even
14 though the corresponding terminal AT 210 is located in the premises, the session of the AT 210
15 is generated by the public network DLR 160, and most information necessary for processing a call
16 is also stored in the public network DLR 160.

17 **[0074]** Accordingly, the general private EV-DO wireless network 200 call processing is
18 performed using the private pDLR 240, and in the case of the most necessary information, the
19 private EV-DO call processing is performed using a method of obtaining necessary information
20 from the public network DLR 160. As a result, in order that the private pDLR 240 requests and
21 receives necessary data stored in the public network DLR 160, a dedicated line must be installed

1 between the private pDLR 240 and the public network DLR 160.

2 **[0075]** When the private terminal authentication is performed using the private EV-DO wireless
3 network 200, a problem occurs when the private EV-DO wireless network 200 service is provided
4 by maintaining the session established in the public EV-DO wireless network 100. The problem
5 is when the authentication task for the private terminal should be performed.

6 **[0076]** When the AT 210 is registered in the public network, there is no problem since when
7 establishing the session of the terminal, an authentication task for the corresponding terminal is
8 performed by the public network AN-AAA 170 after the procedure of the session establishment.
9 However, since tasks of session establishment and cancellation are not performed in the private
10 EV-DO wireless network 200 as described above, the task of authentication through the public
11 AN-AAA 170 is not performed during call processing when constructing the private EV-DO
12 wireless network 200. That is, since the authentication through the public AN-AAA 170 is
13 performed in a new session establishment after the initial session establishment and session
14 cancellation, it is not possible to perform the authenticating step arbitrarily in the step of
15 connecting to the network simply.

16 **[0077]** As a result, the private EV-DO wireless network 200 must perform the authentication
17 for the corresponding terminal, that is, a task for determining whether the corresponding terminal
18 is an EV-DO terminal permitted in the private EV-DO wireless network 200 when the
19 corresponding terminal is connected to the private EV-DO wireless network 200 instead of the
20 session establishment step.

21 **[0078]** In the private EV-DO wireless network 200, information related to the session is needed

1 in the private pDLR 240 in order to process the call, and this information is obtained from the
2 public network DLR 160 connected by the dedicated line, wherein the private terminal AT 210
3 authentication is performed in the private pDLR 240 when the public network DLR 160 passes the
4 session information to the private pDLR 240.

5 **[0079]** The session information transmitted by the public network DLR 160 has various
6 information. When a terminal not registered in the premises tries to connect to the private EV-DO
7 wireless network 200 using information needed for the private authentication among the various
8 information, an authentication of the private terminal AT 210 is not permitted during call
9 processing in order that a message of the next step is not transmitted.

10 **[0080]** The data service method of the private EV-DO wireless network system interfaced with
11 the EV-DO wireless network system in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention
12 corresponding to the operation described above, that is, the call processing method in the private
13 EV-DO wireless network 200 will be explained step by step with reference to accompanying
14 drawings.

15 **[0081]** FIG. 2 is a view showing a call processing procedure between a private EV-DO wireless
16 network 200 and a public EV-DO wireless network 100 when the call is first connected in the
17 private EV-DO wireless network 200, in a data service method using a private wireless high-speed
18 data system in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention, and FIG. 3 is a view
19 showing a call processing procedure when the call is again connected in the private EV-DO
20 wireless network 200 after the procedure shown in FIG. 2 (after the private EV-DO wireless
21 network connects the first call).

1 **[0082]** First, as shown in FIG. 2, when a wireless terminal AT 210 entering the private EV-DO
2 wireless network 200 requests the first call connection to the private EV-DO wireless network 200,
3 the wireless terminal AT 210 transmits a request signal to request a private EV-DO wireless
4 network 200 connection to the private ANTS 220 (S101).

5 **[0083]** The private ANTS 220 routes a private network connection request signal transmitted
6 from the AT 210 to the private pANC 230 through a router 225 (S102 and S103).

7 **[0084]** The private pNAC 230 provides the private pDLR 240 with a session information request
8 signal to request session information necessary for a private network connection according to the
9 private network connection request signal of the AT 210 routed by the router 225 (S104).
10 However, when the corresponding AT 210 requests the connection for the first time, the private
11 pDLR 240 does not store the session information for the corresponding AT 210.

12 **[0085]** In the existing DLR call processing, when the session information for the corresponding
13 terminal does not exist in the DLR, a message that the session information does not exist is
14 transmitted to the public ANC 130, and a procedure to open a new session starts. However, since
15 the private EV-DO wireless network 200 should provide the private EV-DO wireless network 200
16 service in the state of maintaining the public network session endowed to the AT 210 without
17 canceling it, a correction of the call processing is needed.

18 **[0086]** Accordingly, when the session information for the corresponding terminal AT 210 is not
19 stored in a database, the private pDLR 240 transmits a session information request message
20 received from the pANC 230 to the public network DLR 160 as is (S105).

21 **[0087]** The public network DLR 160 searches for session information of the corresponding

1 terminal AT 210 which has requested the network connection stored in its database according to
2 the session information request message transmitted from the private pDLR 240 and transmits the
3 session information to the private pDLR 240 (S106).

4 **[0088]** The pDLR 240 receives the session information of the connection request terminal AT
5 210 received from the public network DLR 160 stores the received session information in its
6 database, and provides the private pANC 230 with the corresponding session information (S107).

7 **[0089]** Accordingly, the private pANC 230 assigns a traffic channel to the corresponding
8 terminal AT 210 using the session information of the connection request terminal AT 210
9 transmitted from the private pDLR 240 and performs a call connection to the terminal AT 210
10 through the assigned channel (S108).

11 **[0090]** When the call connection is performed through the assigned channel as described above,
12 the private pANC 230 registers the corresponding terminal AT 210 in the private pPDSN 260 and
13 performs data service through an Intranet (S109).

14 **[0091]** At this time, in step S107, the pDLR 240 can include the private authentication
15 procedure of the corresponding terminal using the received session information. That is, the
16 session information of the corresponding terminal AT 210 received from the public DLR 160 has
17 many kinds of information including authentication information necessary for private
18 authentication of the terminal. Accordingly, the pDLR 240 determines whether the corresponding
19 terminal is registered in the private EV-DO wireless network 200 using such authentication
20 information.

21 **[0092]** After the terminal AT 210 entering the private EV-DO wireless network 200 performs

the first call connection as described above, when the call connection is again performed, the call processing procedure will be briefly explained with reference to FIG. 3.

[0093] The call processing procedure when the terminal AT 210 entering the private EV-DO wireless network 200 is again connecting a call after the first call connection is similar to that of FIG. 2 except that the call processing procedure and the authentication procedure of the terminal AT 210 are performed in the private EV-DO wireless network 200 on its own using the session information stored in the pDLR 240 of the private EV-DO wireless network 200 without requesting the session information from the public network DLR 160 since the session information of the corresponding terminal AT 210 is stored in the private pDLR 240.

[0094] Reviewing the call processing procedure step by step with reference to FIG. 3, when the wireless terminal AT 210 entering the private EV-DO wireless network 200 requests a re-connection to the private EV-DO wireless network 200, the wireless terminal AT 210 transmits a request signal to request the private EV-DO wireless network 200 connection to the private ANTS 220 (S201).

[0095] The private ANTS 220 routes the private network connection request signal transmitted from the AT 210 to the private pANC 230 through the router 225 (S202 and S203).

[0096] The private pANC 230 provides the private pDLR 240 with the session information request signal to request the session information necessary for the private network connection according to the private network connection request signal of the AT 210 routed through the router 225 (S204).

[0097] The private pDLR 240 searches for the session information of the corresponding terminal

1 AT 210 stored in the database according to the request of the pANC 230 and performs the
2 authentication of the corresponding terminal using the terminal authentication information
3 included in the searched session information.

4 **[0098]** When the authentication of the corresponding terminal AT 210 is completed, that is,
5 when the corresponding terminal AT 210 is a terminal registered in the private EV-DO wireless
6 network 200, the searched session information of the corresponding terminal AT 210 is transmitted
7 to the pANC 230 (S205).

8 **[0099]** Accordingly, the pANC 230 assigns a traffic channel to the corresponding terminal AT
9 210 using the session information of the connection request terminal AT 210 transmitted from the
10 private pDLR 240 and performs a call connection to the terminal AT 210 through the assigned
11 channel (S206).

12 **[0100]** When the call connection is performed through the assigned channel as described above,
13 the private pANC 230 registers the corresponding terminal AT 210 in the private pPDSN 260 and
14 performs data service through an Intranet (S207).

15 **[0101]** A functional difference between the pDLR 240 installed in the private EV-DO wireless
16 network 200 and the DLR 160 installed in the public EV-DO wireless network 100 is shown in
17 FIG. 4. FIG. 4 is a view showing functions of the public network DLR and the private network
18 DLR.

19 **[0102]** As shown in FIG. 4, while the public DLR 160 performs a session generation and
20 cancellation function, a UATI endowment and cancellation function, its own database maintenance
21 function, a session maintenance confirmation function, a paging instruction transmission function,

1 and an interfacing function with adjacent DLR, the private pDLR 240 performs only its own
2 database maintenance function and a page transmission function.

3 **[0103]** A method for interfacing a public network and a private network in a wireless high-speed
4 data system in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention including a call processing
5 procedure shown in FIGS. 2 and 3 will be explained with reference to FIG. 5.

6 **[0104]** FIG. 5 is a view showing an operational flowchart for a data service method using a
7 private wireless high-speed data system in accordance with an embodiment of the present
8 invention.

9 **[0105]** First, when a wireless terminal AT entering the private EV-DO wireless network requests
10 a call connection to the private EV-DO wireless network for the first time, the wireless terminal
11 AT transmits a request signal to request the private EV-DO wireless network connection to the
12 private ANTS (S301).

13 **[0106]** The private ANTS routes the private network connection request signal transmitted from
14 the AT to the private pANC through a router (S302).

15 **[0107]** The private pANC determines whether a call connection signal connected through ANTS
16 is a call connection signal for the private EV-DO wireless network connection or a call connection
17 signal for a public EV-DO wireless network connection (S303).

18 **[0108]** As a result of the determination, when the call connection signal is a public EV-DO
19 wireless network connection call signal, the public EV-DO wireless network processes the
20 corresponding call by routing the corresponding call connection request signal to the public ANC
21 (S304).

1 **[0109]** However, when the call connection request signal of the AT is a private EV-DO wireless
2 network connection request signal, the private pANC provides the private pDLR with the session
3 information request signal to request session information necessary for the private network
4 connection according to the private network connection request signal of the AT routed through
5 the router (S305).

6 **[0110]** The private pDLR determines whether session information for a call connection request
7 terminal AT requested from the private pANC is stored in the database (S306).

8 **[0111]** As a result of the determination, when the session information of the corresponding
9 terminal which requested the connection to the database does not exist in the private pDLR, it is
10 determined that a connection to the private EV-DO wireless network is being tried for the first
11 time, and the private pDLR requests the session information of the corresponding terminal to the
12 public DLR of the public EV-DO wireless network (S307). That is, the private pDLR requests the
13 session information of the corresponding AT to the public DLR since the private pDLR does not
14 have the session information for the corresponding AT when the corresponding AT requests the
15 connection for the first time.

16 **[0112]** Next, the public network DLR searches for the session information of the corresponding
17 terminal AT which requested the network connection stored in its database according to the
18 session information request message transmitted from the private pDLR and transmits the session
19 information to the private pDLR (S308).

20 **[0113]** The pDLR receives the session information of the connection request terminal AT
21 received from the public network DLR, and performs the authentication of the corresponding AT

1 using the terminal authentication information included in the received session information (S309).

2 **[0114]** As a result of the authentication, it is determined whether the connection request AT is
3 the terminal registered in the private EV-DO wireless network (S310), and the authentication is
4 not permitted and an authentication non-permission message is transmitted to the corresponding
5 terminal when the corresponding AT is a terminal which was not registered in the private EV-DO
6 wireless network.

7 **[0115]** However, as a result of the authentication, when the connection request AT is a terminal
8 registered in the private EV-DO wireless network, the private pDLR stores the corresponding
9 terminal session information transmitted from the public DLR in the database (S311), and then
10 transmits the corresponding session information to the private pANC (S312).

11 **[0116]** Accordingly, the private pANC assigns the traffic channel with the corresponding
12 terminal AT using the session information of the connection request terminal AT transmitted from
13 the private pDLR and performs the call processing necessary for the connection (S313).

14 **[0117]** On the other hand, in step S306, when the session information for the call connection
15 request terminal AT requested from the private pANC is stored in the private pDLR, that is, when
16 the corresponding terminal performs the call connection to the private EV-DO wireless network
17 at least two or more times, the session information of the corresponding AT stored in the database
18 of the private pDLR is transmitted to the private pANC (S312). When the AT is initially
19 connected to the private EV-DO wireless network, the session information for the corresponding
20 AT is received from the public DLR and stored in the private pDLR. Therefore, when the call
21 connection is performed afterward, the private EV-DO wireless network itself performs the call

1 processing using the session information of the corresponding AT stored in the private pDLR,
2 without receiving the session information of the corresponding AT from the public DLR.

3 **[0118]** As a result, the data service method using a private wireless high-speed data system in
4 accordance with an embodiment of the present invention includes a private pDLR for handling the
5 authentication of the private network entrance terminal and the call processing in the private
6 (premises) EV-DO wireless network, receives the session information of the corresponding
7 terminal from the DLR of the public EV-DO network only when the terminal entering the private
8 EV-DO wireless network requests the first call connection, stores the session information in the
9 database of the private pDLR, and performs the call processing and authentication. That is, in the
10 authentication, the authentication is performed using the authentication information included in
11 the session information of the corresponding terminal, without needing a separate AN_AAA in the
12 private EV-DO wireless network.

13 **[0119]** When the call connection is requested from the terminal entering the private network at
14 least two or more times, the call processing is performed using the session information for the
15 corresponding terminal stored in the private pDLR.

16 **[0120]** A private wireless high-speed data system in accordance with an embodiment of the
17 present invention and a data service method have an effect that unnecessary loading in a public
18 network DLR side can be reduced according to a private EV-DO wireless network construction
19 since after session information essential for the call processing is secured from a public network
20 DLR when the call is connected for the first time, the following call processing can be performed
21 by a private network DLR.

1 **[0121]** Furthermore, since the minimum function of the private DLR, that is, a function related
2 with session establishment and cancellation is performed in the public network DLR and the only
3 remaining function is performed in the private DLR, it is possible to use low capacity hardware
4 when the private DLR apparatus is constructed so that a saving in the cost of materials can be
5 obtained.

6 **[0122]** Also, since the private terminal authentication can be performed by enabling a DLR
7 function and a terminal private authentication function to be supported simultaneously using only
8 the private pDLR, without purchasing a separate AN_AAA server, the total material cost of the
9 private EV-DO wireless network system can be reduced and the operating cost necessary for
10 managing a separate server can be eliminated.